ADVANCED RESEARCH LABORATORIES

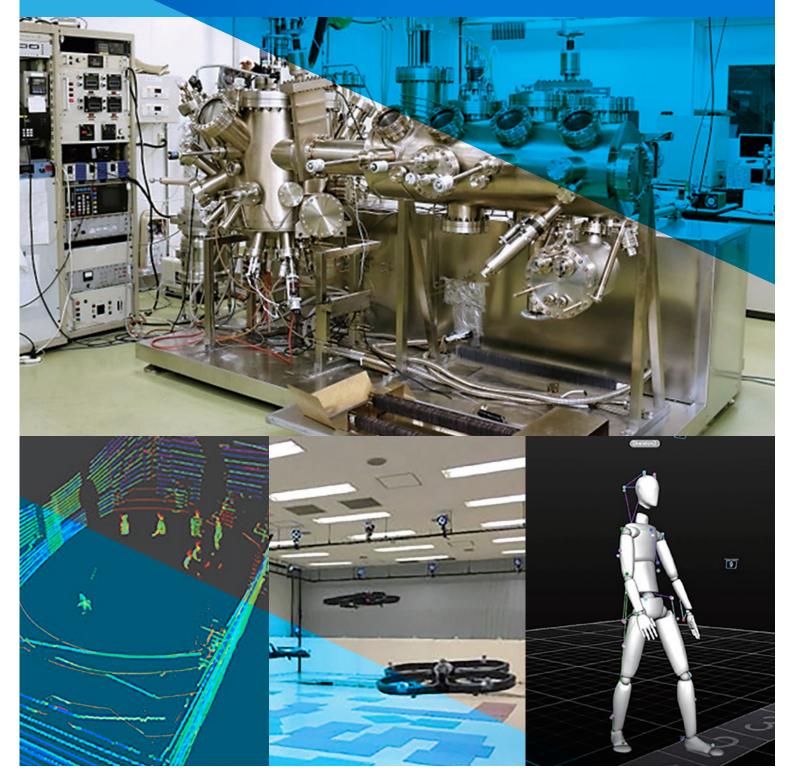
Overview

ARL (Advanced Research Laboratories) was established in April 2004 to realize the philosophy of TCU, "Human resource developments and academic researches for sustainable social developments". ARL's main purpose is to offer advanced education for students, and ARL is expected to enhance research activities of TCU, to promote collaborations among industry, government and academia and to return those research outputs to society.

ARL consists of "Institute of Innovation Researches" in which each research center conducts innovative researches, "Institute for Future City Studies" in which each research unit conducts sustainable city-related researches, "Laboratories of Leading Professors", "Units of Prioritized Studies" and "Incubation Laboratory". ARL plays a central role in TCU as an university-wide organization in promoting technical innovations for various problems and interdisciplinary challenges that today's society faces.

www.arl.tcu.ac.jp

TOKYO CITY UNIVERSITY



Human resource development and academic research for sustainable social development.

Message from the Director

Established in April 2004, Advanced Research Laboratories (ARL) take advantage of their cutting-edge equipment to promote research themes consistent with social needs and advanced education for graduate and undergraduate students so that they can serve as pioneers embodying the philosophy of Tokyo City University (TCU), which is "human resource development and academic research for sustainable social development."

Currently, the ARL has two institute and ten centers as its core organizations, including the Institute of Innovation Researches and the Institute for Future City Studies, which addresses a wide variety of issues related to aging urban hardware and software; the Research Center for Nano-Electronics, which pursues research on optoelectronic devices enabling energy savings in information and communication technology (ICT); and the Advanced Retrofit Technology International Center, which facilitates the development of reconstruction techniques for social infrastructure, such as expressways and railroads. Other ARL laboratories are challenging advanced academic research topics like microelectromechanical systems (MEMS), novel solar photovoltaic generation, smart grid systems, and robotics, among others.

Research projects have been promoted under the framework of the Program for the Strategic Research Foundation at Private Universities supported by the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT), the Program for Creation of Future Society sponsored by the Japan Science and Technology Agency (JST), project research backed by science research grants and other funds, research based on programs that invite the public to make proposals – including the Strategic Information and Communications Research and Development Promotion Program sponsored by the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications (MIC) – and joint research with business entities. All of these projects have been pursued to advance leading-edge research and development activities, as well as to disseminate their findings back to society.

In addition to internal projects, ARL proactively promotes collaborative research projects with business entities, other academic institutions, and overseas research organizations as part of efforts to disseminate information to diverse recipients, and to promote the common good by sharing its findings with the world. The Research Center for Nano-Electronics, among others, is highly regarded for its development of a Si-based light-emitting device, which is regarded as the most advanced in the world, and the center is also aggressively promoting the research and development of laser applications. Individual research centers work on their own research activities to promote further developments through the distribution of findings and exchanges, and by holding periodic seminars to present discoveries and report progress.

Looking to the future, ARL will make even more efforts for its development as the research base of TCU. Your continued support would be greatly appreciated.

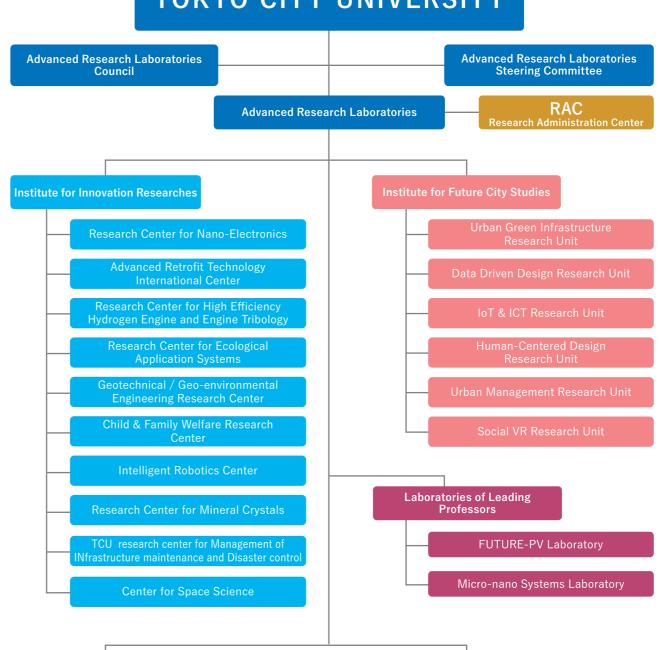
Advanced Research Laboratories, TCU Kenichiro Nonaka, Director



Todoroki Campus



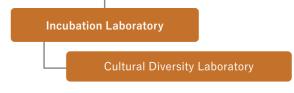
Setagaya Campus (Bulding No.6)





Organizational Chart (2021.3.1)

TOKYO CITY UNIVERSITY



Research Center for Nano-Electronics

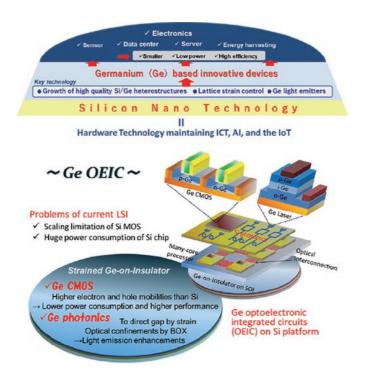
keyword Semiconductor materials Optoelectronic devices



High-performance and low-power-consumption electronic devices Highly efficient light emitting devices for optical interconnections Group-IV semiconductor epitaxial growth and lattice strain control

Today's highly advanced information communication technology (ICT) is based on semiconductor nanoelectronics, but difficulties in achieving further performance improvements and their huge power consumption are worldwide critical issues. To overcome them, we are developing next-generation low-power consumption optoelectronic devices by employing "Germanium (Ge)" as a novel semiconductor material, where we make full use of various equipments in our clean room for high-quality crystal growth and semiconductor device processing.

Toward realization of Ge OEICs (Optoelectronic Integrated Circuits) on the Si platform (Si substrate), we succeeded in fabrication of strained Ge-on-Insulator (GOI) substrates by means of Ge epitaxial growth and wafer direct bonding techniques. This allows us to create large size Ge/Si wafers, enabling mass production of Ge OEIC chips where both high-performance Ge CMOS and Ge high-efficiency light emitters are integrated on the identical wafer. Moreover, we have been focusing on lattice strain engineering, and succeeded in the growth of strained SiGe high quality films, fabrication of highly strained Ge microbridge devices and room-temperature strong light emission by current injection from strained Ge LED devices. Furthermore, we are developing circularly polarized light emitters from atomic layer materials and Ge spin LED toward next-generation optical cryptography communication technology.



Research themes

- Strained Ge-on-Insulator
- Strained Ge channel devices
- Ge photonic devices
- Ge microdevices
- Novel atomic layer material based devices



Clean room



Semi-clean room

Research staff

Head/Professor Professor Professor Associate Professor **Emeritus Professor**

Kentarou Sawano Hiroshi Nohira Yuichiro Mitani Yusuke Hoshi Takuya Maruizumi



Si/Ge Molecular Beam Epitaxy (MBE)





Advanced Retrofit Technology International Center (ARTIC)

keyword

Advance the technical fields related to infrastructure maintenance

In the past few decades, the deterioration of urban infrastructures constructed after the war has become apparent, resulting in calls for action and investment to maintain them in a healthy condition. The lack of proper infrastructure maintenance and management can lead to significant social and economic losses, such as accidents occurring with increasing frequency and severity that result in traffic jams/shutdowns, third party damage, and civic liabilities. To promote a sustainable and resilient society, it is necessary to leverage the latest advances in science and technology towards providing comprehensive maintenance of aging infrastructures under live load conditions while simultaneously considering the possibilities of natural disasters such as earthquakes, typhoons, and heavy rain. With the overall goal of promoting a sustainable and resilient society, we aim at developing practical and sustainable technology for rational infrastructure maintenance and risk management by leveraging modern advances in the science and technology fields of sensing, communications, and data analytics. Our specific efforts include: Promoting advances in sensing, data acquisition, communication, and storage, which have provided tremendous opportunities for scientists and engineers to unleash the power of established domain knowledge, thus making it possible to understand and design systems that align with reality at unprecedented levels of precision. Taking advantage of current possibilities to produce physical models of natural or engineered systems and thus be better and more quantitatively informed by the measured data in terms of their parameters, uncertainties, and variabilities. This includes 'data-driven' models (e.g., artificial neural networks) capable of prediction or operation capabilities that would normally be difficult to formulate when based solely on domain knowledge. Acknowledging that there is substantial room for improvement in the fields of infrastructure maintenance and risk management, we aggressively seek developments in theory, computational algorithms, and hardware technology in order to significantly improve capabilities for diagnosis, prognosis, and planning. The Advanced Retrofit Technology International Center (formerly the Advanced Retrofit Technology Center) was established in 2013 within the Advanced Research Laboratories of Tokyo City University. Its main purpose is to advance the technical fields related to infrastructure maintenance. Our main research themes include inspection, diagnosis, repair, and reinforcement technology for infrastructure such as bridges, tunnels, and port facilities. Our research and development (R&D) efforts promote the use of advanced sensor and data analysis technologies. We are also conducting R&D on infrastructure deterioration predictions and natural disaster risk assessments

Research themes

- External force measurement using the latest sensing technologies
- Determination of infrastructure deformation using the latest sensing technol
- Fatigue damage detection using sensor technology
- Advanced bridge weigh-in-motion technology
- Estimation of the spatial distribution of physical properties
- Sophisticated natural risk assessment methodsa
- Deterioration of transportation infrastructure facilities and asset managen
- Advanced of fatigue damage using phased-array ultrasonic testing
- Axial force evaluation of corroded high-strength bolts





_	Research staff	
	Director/Professor	Ikumasa Yoshida
es	Professor	Osamu Maruyama
63	Professor	Hiromi Shirahata
	Associate Professor	Hidehiko Sekiya
	Research assistant professor	Jingwen Song
	Postdoctoral fellow	Samim Mustafa
	Visiting Professor	Siu-Kui Au
	Visiting Associate Professor	Stephen Wu
	Visiting Researcher	Masayuki Tai
	Visiting Researcher	Yusuke Koto
	Executive Advisor, Founder, President	Chitoshi Miki

Research Center for High Efficiency Hydrogen Engine and Engine Tribology (HEET)

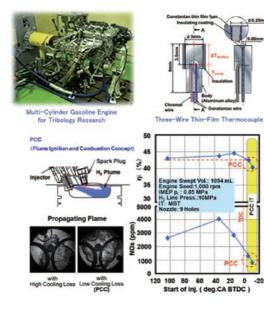
keyword

Heat engine Lubrication/Tribology Engine cooling
 Hydrogen engine



Study on Ultra-High-Efficiency and Zero Emission Power Source (Next Generation Engine)

The HEET Research Center contributes to preventing global warming and mitigating energy resource depletion by conducting research aimed at reducing friction generation in various internal combustion engine components. It also aims at reducing cooling losses occurring primarily in combustion chamber, and to utilizing hydrogen as a fuel that can be created primarily from renewable energy sources without also producing CO2 emissions.



Research staff

Professor

Lecturer

Research lecturer

Researcher (AF)

Researcher (AF)

Researcher (AF)

Researcher (AF)

Researcher (AF)

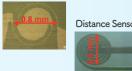
Researcher (VR)

Researcher (VR)

Research themes

- Study on the Reduction of Friction Losses
- Direct Measurement of Piston Friction Force using **Floating Liner Method**
- Mesurement of Lubricating Oil Consumption while using Low Friction Componets
- Measurement of oil film pressure on piston skirt using thin-film pressure sensor
- Development and Application of Highly Precise and **Responsive Heat Flux Sensor**
- New Combustion Method of Hydrogen-Fuel Engine, (PCC)
- Measurement of Heat Flux Characteristics of in Hydrogen Fuel Engines

Pressure	Senso
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Thin Film Sensing Technology (Pressure / Distance Sensor)

based on floating liner method

Friction force measurement system Friction force measurement and seizure evaluation unit system for plain bearings

Yuji Mihara Director/Professor Shuzo Sanda Akemi Ito Associate Professor Masakuni Oikawa Daijiro Ishii Masavuki Yamauchi Mitsuaki Yamamoto Mikio Nakamura Makoto Kano Toshihiro Oikawa Mitsuru Urabe Motohiko Koushima

Research Center for Ecological Application Systems

keyword • Ecological Systems • Green infrastructure management

Developing phytoremediation-based measures for treating heavy metal soil pollution Advancing hybrid soil types for use in various artificial revegetation applications Advancing hot environment relaxation effects via urban greening Improving urban storm water retention and circulation via planting bases Enhancing environmental real estate values by cultivating greenery

Our laboratory promotes the study, planning sciences, and technical developments needed for the formation of urban environments within which human society and ecological systems can exist in harmony. To achieve these goals, our work and study methods aim at the creation of disciplines that combine sciences related to landscape and architectural planning, environmental greenery, and the preservation and promotion of health and hygiene in various ways. Our vision calls for the integration of the natural environment into all aspects of urban land use, including disaster prevention areas such flood and fire prevention, rainwater storage and circulation, and alleviation of the heat island phenomenon and the promotion of public health issues such as environmental cleanliness and recreation. Through study and experimental investigations, we will continue to advance the public interest in the functions use of natural environments.

Research themes

Heavy metal soil pollution countermeasure utilizing phytoremediation

Study on hot environment relaxation effect brought about by railway track greening





Hybrid turf

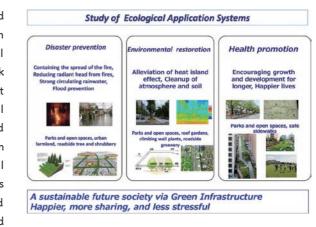
Rail track greening

Phytoremediation experimental field



GOALS

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Research staff Director/Professor Professor Associate Professor **Guest Researcher** Guest Researcher **Guest Researche**

Shiro Wakui Kentaro lijima Shigehiro Yokota Akihiko Horikawa Masayo Yamasaki Ritsumasa Yamashita

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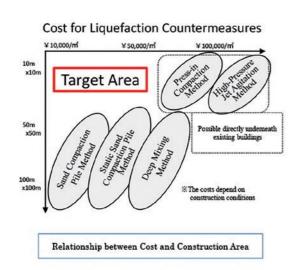
Geotechnical / Geo-environmental Engineering Research Center

keyword Soil Investigation Countermeasures Soil Structure



Development of technology to reduce geohazards

In order to moderate the increasing threat of natural hazards, and with a particular aim at preventing geohazards such as soil liquefaction and slope failures, the latest developments in fields including soil research, liquefaction countermeasures, and the construction of soil structures are being studied Although our research themes have evolved in tandem with changing social requirements, our center remains committed to addressing these and other issues through collaborative efforts.





Research themes

- Liquefaction Countermeasure using micro-bubbles and particles injectedinto the ground
- New soil investigation technique using Screw Drive Sounding
- Development of reinforcingand repairing methods for soft ground and soil structures



Centrifuge Apparatus



Model Ground Improvement Machine



Naoaki Suemasa

Tsuyoshi Tanaka

Kouichi Nagao Takamitsu Sasaki

Kazuya Itoh

Director/Professor Professor Engineer Collaborative researcher Collaborative researcher



Screw Drive Sounding

keyword
Children
Welfare
Family
Safety
Health
Collaboration

Research about "PIPPI" Child Raising Support Center users **Cooperation related to Shibuya Welfare Center** Labor savings at nursery schools

Until now, there has not been a local community platform connecting child-raising parents, nursery school childminders, university researchers, and companies producing childcare products. This means there has not been effective research on how to raise children. However, our Faculty of the Human Life Sciences has already achieved results through its "PIPPI" Child Raising Support Center.

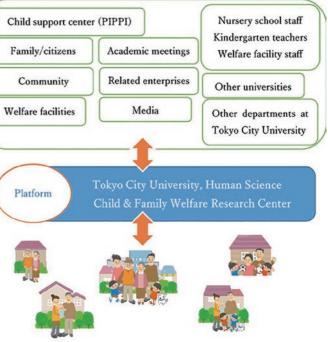
PIPPI operates under this Faculty and the "Child Family Welfare Research Center," which was created to act as a hub connecting various childcare-related bodies and organizations. Through the center, questions regarding childcare problems and issues occurring at various locations are explored and answered, and items relating to child welfare are presented as research questions to be holistically and comprehensively researched. The goal is produce useful results that can be returned to society.

Research staff Research themes Research about Child Raising Support Center (PIPPI) users **Center Director** Shinya Hayasaka Sachiko Kameda Researcher Cooperation with Shibuya welfare Labor savings at nursery schools









· Safe society.

· Research related to the future of welfare.



Intelligent Robotics Center

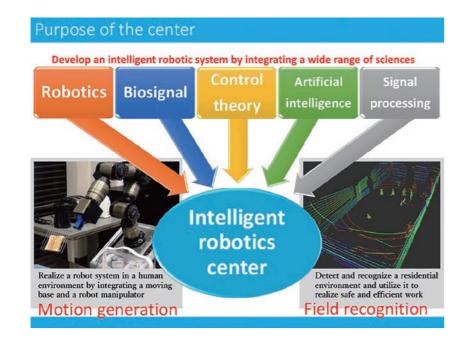
keyword

 Robotics
 Control
 Artificial Intelligence
 Image Processing Signal Processing
 Bio-telemetry



The construction of intelligent robot systems that can coexist with people

Robot services and autonomous vehicle driving techniques have been rapidly developed in recent years, but further improvement in performance and safety must be established in order to put them to use in actual human working environments. Therefore, the Intelligent Robotics Center aims at the construction of intelligent robot systems that can coexist with people. To accomplish this, we integrate a wide range of fields such as robotics, artificial intelligence, signal and image processing, control engineering and biosignal measurements to facilitate cutting-edge robotic research.



Research Center for Mineral Crystals

keyword

 Mineral Crystals
 Functional sportswear Adaptive clothing for elderly

Current status and issues of nursing care in a super-aging society Importance of health care for different types of elderly Realization of a healthy and active society through physical exercise

In recent years, Japan has entered the stage of a super-aging society. As a result, the number of elderly people who need a variety of nursing care services has increased significantly. In addition, healthy seniors also need healthcare services. Our research center aims to elucidate the mechanisms of solutions formed by the combination of minerals and hot-spring water, which we called Integrated Functional Mineral Crystals (IFMCs). An increasing quantity of experimental evidence suggests that IFMCs are beneficial for improving the health status and exercise capacity of users. Our center has also been working on the development of functional sportswear and adaptive clothing for elderly persons.



Research themes

- Development of a vision system using image recognition
- Biosignal measurements and signal processing for establishing good relationships between machines and people
- Intelligent robot systems through control theory and signal processing

Testbed for developing mobile robots

Electric wheelchair equipped with LiDAR (Right), motion capture system to measure the position of UAVs (Center). force plates to estimate both floor reaction force and joint torque (Left).





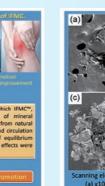
Head/Professor	Kenich
Professor	Hideto
Professor	Akira T
Professor	Nobuhi
Professor	Hidehi
Professor	Yue Ba
Professor	Hideo
Professor	Masaki
Professor	Hideak
Associate Professor	Daisuk
Associate Professor	Kazum
Associate Professor	Toshiy
Associate Professor	Koichi
Associate Professor	Shota
Lecturer	Yoshik

niro Nonaka shi Oya Faguchi niko Mukai iro Nakano ao Miyachi i Kyoso i Takayanagi e Sato a Sekiguchi uki Sugimachi Nishibe Yabui atsu Hoshi

Research themes

Current status and issues of nursing care in a super-aging society Importance of health care for different types of elderly Realization of a healthy and active society through physical exercise



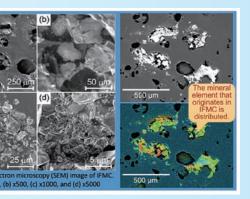




Research staff

Research Center Director Visiting Associate Professor Collaborative Business Partner Kenichiro Hatakevama Collaborative researcher

Takamichi Hirata Tomohiro Akiyama Tomohiro Nomura



TCU research center for Management of **INfrastructure maintenance and Disaster control**

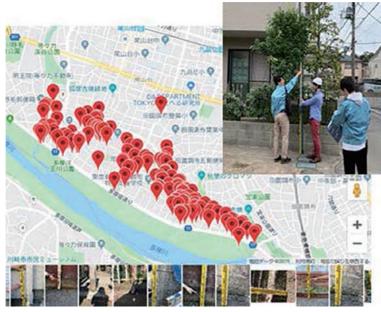


 Management of infrastructure construction and maintenance Natural disaster prevention / mitigation Sharing of scientific knowledge between academic and civilian communities



Smart management of infrastructure construction and maintenance Controlling effects of intensifying natural disasters (disaster prevention / mitigation) Research center for disaster countermeasures that contributes to the community by utilizing big data including information obtained from citizens

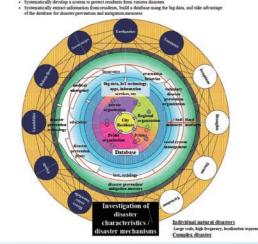
There are growing concerns among citizens over recent intensifying natural disasters that have caused tremendous damage to aging facilities and infrastructure. As a disaster countermeasure research base, we are working to build a framework to connect civic groups with the university and thus support the community by delivering academic information to the civilian world.



Inundation damage survey in Tamazutsumi / Denenchofu area due to the Typhoon Hagibis (Typhoon No. 19)

Research themes

Disaster prevention and mitigation for city residents during a wide variety of disasters



Disaster prevention and mitigation for city residents during a wide variety of disasters

Research staff

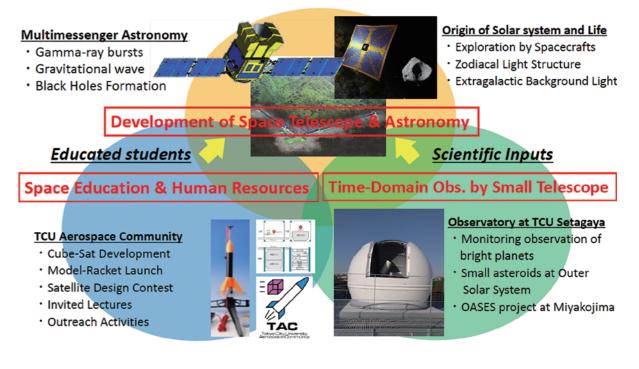
Kazuya Itoh Director/Professor Professor Naoaki Suemasa Takahito Mikami Associate professor Tsuyoshi Tanaka Engineer Associate professor Takashi Goso Hidehiko Sekiya Associate professor Associate professor Yuki Akiyama

Center for Space Science

keyword • Astrophysics • Space engineering • Space utilization

Space science and education in collaboration with natural/ social science & technology based on multidisciplinary methods

Advanced Research Laboratories, Center for Space Science





Comic Evolution and life in the Universe are studied by Interdisciplinary Space Science Approach











Research staff

Head/Associate Professor		
Professor		
Associate Professor		
Professor		
Lecturer		
Associate Professor		
Professor		
Professor		

TSUMURA Kohii MIYASAKA Akihiro WATANABE Rikio KOIKE Seita KADOTA Kenichi NISHIMURA Daiki TAKAKI Naoyuki **TAKAHASHI Hirotaka**

Institute for Future City Studies

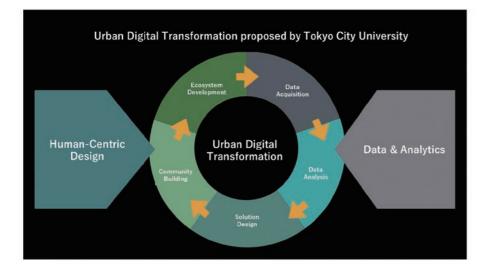
keyword + Future City + Urban Research + Digital Transformation

Urban Digital Transformation

Cross-academic research on the application of digital technology and human-centered design for future city

Outline of the Institute for Future City Studies

The Institute for Future City Studies aims to strengthen its identity as the "urban research university" and to contribute to the realization of internationally competitive, highly functional cities. The theme of our research is "How can digital technology transform cities? Specifically, we advocate "Urban Digital Transformation" that combines technologies such as AI (Artificial Intelligence), IoT, 5G, and Big Data with human-centered approaches such as solution design, community, and green infrastructure. We have organized six research units, where researchers from different fields such as science, engineering, and social sciences discuss and proresearch in a cross-academic manner.



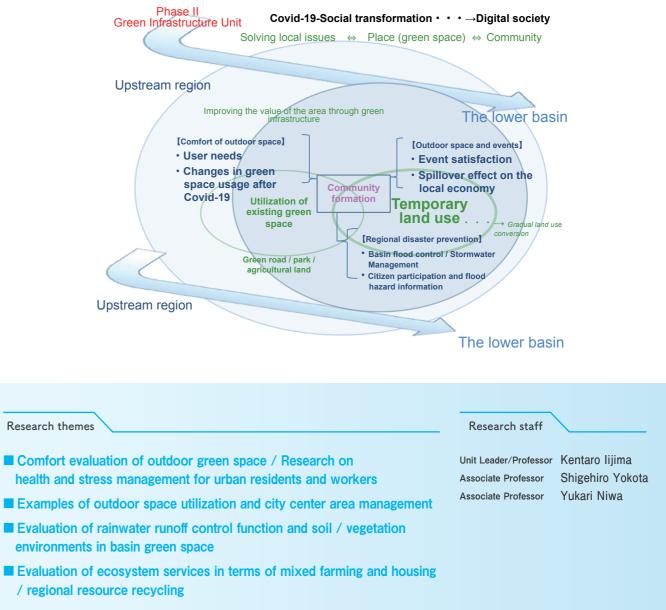
Research Unit	Research staff Director/Professor Deputy Director/Professor Masaki Hamura Osamu Maruyama
Urban Green Infrastructure Research Unit	Unit Leader/Professor Kentaro lijima
Data Driven Design Research Unit	Unit Leader/Professor Hideaki Takayanagi
■ IoT & ICT Research Unit	Unit Leader/Professor Kohei Shiomoto
Human-Centered Design Research Unit	Unit Leader/Associate Professor Toshiki Nishiyama
Urban Management Research Unit	Unit Leader/Associate Professor Koichi Kitami
Social VR Research Unit	Unit Leader/Professor Junko Ichino

Urban Green Infrastructure Research Unit Institute for Future City Studies

keyword

• Green infrastructure • Basin • Environmental restoration Disaster prevention
 Community
 Health / Stress management

It is expected that green infrastructure measures and business development will complement existing infrastructure developments by incorporating various functions of the natural environment in urban land use. These will include urban disaster prevention efforts such as preventing the spread of fire and preventing urban floods due to rainwater infiltration, along with other environmental issues such as mitigating the heat island effect, promoting environmental purification, conserving local natural resources, and facilitating recreation to achieve a combination of social benefits and public interest functions. Our research unit will proceed with research aimed at (1) improvement of the exposure and vulnerability of urban environmental pressures and reductions to development damage by incorporating green infrastructure, (2) the creation of comfortable living spaces and improvements to environmental real estate values, and (3) the promotion of local resident healthcare and community information.





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Data Driven Design Research Unit Institute for Future City Studies

Smart City Pedestrian ITS Crowd Flow Simulation keyword Personal Vehicle
 Drone Technology



Human behavior analysis research for smart city Automatic tracking technology for pedestrian behavior Safety evaluation for urban space with mixed movility Affinity between stagnant space and micromobility

The research purpose of this research unit is to develop a simulation system that evaluates mutual behavioral safety in a "Mixed Mobility Urban Space." As currently envisioned, smart city development plans will be steadily promoted by Mobility as a Service (MaaS) and vehicle artificial intelligence (AI). However, it is also possible that such urban spaces will produce numerous accidents due to the mixture of pedestrians, cars, PVs, and logistic drones, etc. Moreover, existing pedestrian space safety evaluation methods cannot simultaneously evaluate crowd flow and vehicle behavior. This background provides us with opportunities to holistically consider urban space design and vehicle mechanical engineering. Some remarkable achievements resulting from the studies shown below will be presented in the system construction process.

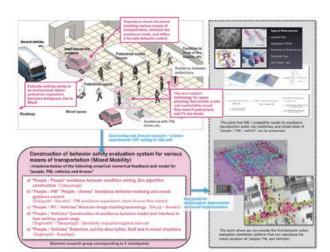


Figure : Research scheme for mixed mobility urban space

Share & Service ... Share service (MaaS) Electric ... Electrification, drive-by-wire, etc Α S Е hared (& Services * Based on a medium- to long-term strategy by Daimler AG CED and

otive industry and CASE^x for smart city development and maintenance

Connected---Connected car

Autonomous---self-driving

Taking into consideration AI, the IoT, big data, Society 5.0, and SDGs, it is clear that there is an urgent need for comprehensive research and development, issue creation, and new industries in the architectural city design, automotive, and vehicle control technology fields.

Research themes

- Research on attribute settings for "Person/person" avoidance behavior and the construction of integrated simulation algorithms
- Research on "Person/PM" and "Person/Drone" behavior modeling and mobility control
- Research on image tracking technology for the behavior of "Crowd flow, PV, and vehicles"
- Research on "Person/Vehicle" physiological and sensitive behavioral interfaces in urban space
- Research on stay activity descriptions in "Crowd/Vehicle" congestion situations

Research staff

Unit Leader/Professor Hideaki Takayanagi

Professor Hideo Miyachi

Associate Professor Kazuma Sekiguchi

Associate Professor Toshiyuki Sugimachi

Associate Professor Yuichi Sueshige

IoT & ICT Research Unit Institute for Future City Studies

keyword ◆ Big Data ◆ Cloud ◆ Edge Computing ◆ 5G ◆ IoT

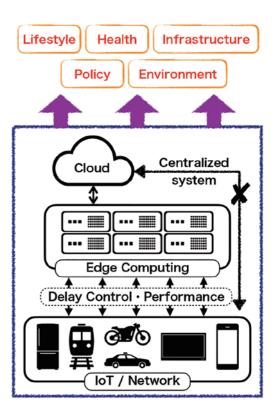
IoT & ICT for super-smart society Power transmission control for sensor devices Maintenance technologies for computing infrastructure

Although a wide variety of cloud services are offered by information technology (IT) companies such as Google, Apple, Facebook, and Amazon (GAFA), the Internet network environments in metropolitan areas can be expected to change dramatically in the future due to the global introduction of various services based on 5G and edge computing technologies. In this coming era, operation management and reliability assessment will become even more important for controlling local infrastructure under cloud service and edge computing conditions. Furthermore, while 5G, cloud, and edge computing are certain to be useful for many people in metropolitan areas, system failures by those technologies may result in private information leakage and various other damaging consequences. Therefore, appropriate cloud service management technologies based on edge computing and 5G are important for maintaining the conveniences we now expect in our daily lives. Hence, when considering the potential of future super-smart societies based on edge computing, it is clear that maintenance technologies and related services will be important for controlling information infrastructure. With those points in mind, our research unit focuses on problems related to infrastructure, the environment, lifestyle, and health as they pertain to the maintenance and assessment of edge computing.

Research themes

Management for computing infrastructure Development of innovative IoT services







Kohei Shiomoto Tsugumichi Shibata Kensyu Seto

Human-Centered Design Research Unit Institute for Future City Studies

 Future Housing
 Urban Life
 Human-Centered Design keyword Universal Design
 Environmental Harmony



Exploring Optimum Future City Home Working Environments while Considering Pandemic-Mandated Reform Requirements

In this research unit, we study the most suitable work environments for future city homes that take into consideration the COVID-19 pandemic and emphasize pandemic-mandated reform requirements. The home workspace environments we propose are expected to contribute to sustainable development goals (SDGs) and incorporate continuation possibilities that will make them suitable for future Japanese cities. In this project, we emphasize the viewpoints of Universal Design, human-centered design, housing manufacturing techniques, environmental harmony, and urban disaster prevention.



Research staff

Associate Professor

Associate Professor

Lecturer

Professor

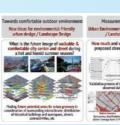
Unit Leader/Associate Professor Toshiki Nishiyama

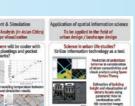
Research themes

- Universal Design, Human-Centered Design: Toshiki Nishiyama
- Trailer House Development: Hiroyuki Shida, Yasuo Omi
- Designing Environmentally-Friendly Neighborhood Space: Kei Saito
- Town Planning the Considers Safety and Security: Teruyuki Isagawa









Hiroyuki Shida

Teruyuki Isagawa

Kei Saito

Yasuo Omi

Urban Management Research Unit Institute for Future City Studies

 Management
 Community
 Open space
 Platform keyword Finance

and voluntary community activities

Research on advanced community management by acquiring and utilizing data

Research on organizations and methods for helping residents to autonomously maintain and manage unused vacant city lot projects

Research on study frameworks for urban transitions

Research on new sustainable finance schemes to transform current cities into smart cities (particularly by focusing on the "Super City" concept being promoted by the Government of Japan)

Our research unit aims at the development of methods and frameworks to tackle emerging problems in urban areas, especially by focusing on Urban Digital Transformation (UDX) at two levels (community and city) as part of efforts to contribute to better urban and regional management. At the community level, we will develop management methods that will allow residents to operate open spaces independently. More specifically, we will study the potential for community management of projects involving unused vacant lots. At the city level, we will study new management frameworks, including financing schemes, that will help local governments to realize their future visions - such as becoming a "smart city" or "super city". Hence, we will study urban management from both micro and macro perspectives.

Research staff

Unit leader/Associate Professor Koichi Kitami

Associate Professor Kvosuke Sakakura

Professor Fumihiko Okiura Associate Professor

Yuki Akiyama



Research on open spaces that have the potential to become places for diverse

Lecturer Noriaki Hashimoto

Professor Masaki Hamura

Social VR Research Unit Institute for Future City Studies

- keyword Human-Computer Interaction(HCI)
 Computer Supported Cooperative Work(CSCW)
 - Computer-Mediated Communication(CMC)
 Virtual Reality(VR)
 Avatar Representation
 - Non-Verbal Communication
 - Mixed Methods Research, Mixed Analysis Method,
 - Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches
 - Interaction Analysis
 - Physiological Measures



Comprehensive understanding of the basic requirements of virtual environments as communication infrastructure

In this research unit, we focus on how non-verbal communication channels are represented through avatars, and comprehensively investigate the basic requirements of virtual environments as a communication infrastructure through a mixed-methods approach with interdisciplinary perspective.

Social VR Research Unit

3. Our Goal

1. Background

VR technology is a promising technology to support computermediated communication (CMC)

- Towards a Sustainable Society Enabling decent work (SDG 8)
- Reducing energy consumption for passenger transport (SDG 7)
- Narrowing the gap by income and region of residence (SDG 10)
 Development of low-cost and equitable access infrastructure (SDG 9)
- Preparing for a pandemic crisis (SDG 3)

Decreased physical travel for business, medical care, education, and various personal exchanges

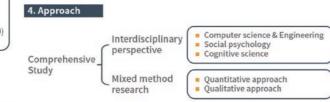
- Improvement of synchronous and remote CMC -

- VR chat (promising tools in the future)
- /ideo chat (Skype, Zoom, etc.) (traditional tools)
- Text chat (traditional tools)

2. Motivation

- While VR technology has a long history, how communication in VR space affects humans is not fully understood.
- Particularly in the case of CMC, communication varies greatly depending on whether or not there are non-verbal communication channels (NVCs) and the ways in which those channels are represented

We comprehensively investigate the basic requirements of virtual environments as a communication infrastructure, focusing on how non-verbal communication channels are represented through avatars.



5. Contribution

Applying our findings to different communication settings

- Formal communication
- e.g. Office meetings where people can discuss with real intention, not just what one says on the surface
- Informal communication
- e.g. Communication with family and friends who live apart Building a new type of "family" for single urban residents, including the elderly
- Open-mindedness experiences for people with communication disabilities such as autism, depression, and developmental disabilities

Research staff

Unit leader/Professor Tokyo City University Faculty of Informatics Junko Ichino

TIS Inc. Strategic Technology Center Masahiro Ide

Professor Tokyo City University Faculty of Informatics Hideo Miyachi

Associate Professor Okayama University of Science-Faculty of Management Hitomi Yokoyama

Professor Tokyo City University Faculty of Informatics Daisuke Okabe

Associate Professor Kogakuin University Faculty of Informatics Hirotoshi Asano

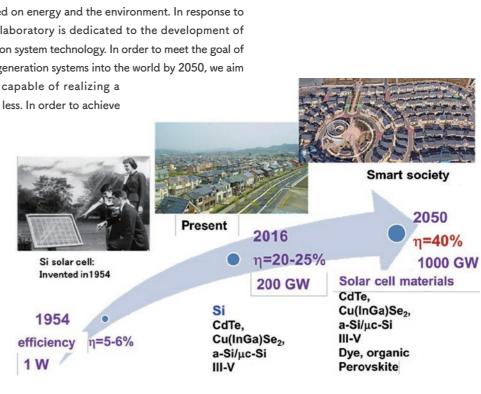
FUTURE-PV Laboratory

keyword Solar Energy Materials and Solar Cells Photovoltaics

Manufacturing cost reduction and efficiency improvement of solar cells Development of various photovoltaic systems

The 21stCentury is an era focused on energy and the environment. In response to both themes, our FUTURE-PV laboratory is dedicated to the development of photovoltaic (PV) power generation system technology. In order to meet the goal of introducing 10 TW of PV power generation systems into the world by 2050, we aim to develop technology that is capable of realizing a generation cost of 7 yen/kWh or less. In order to achieve

this research goal, we are researching areas such as semiconductor device technology, nanotechnology for microfabrication, physical phenomena in microscopic fields such as quantum effects, and outdoor power generation characteristics. In addition to general power applications, we are also developing applications for transportation systems and PV cells for use as independent power sources for IoT devices.



Research themes

- Development of super-high-efficiency triple-junction Si solar cells
- High voltage bifacial amorphous Si quintuple-junction solar cells for IoT devices
- Power generation characteristics of various solar cells and development of new application fields
- Ultimate thin-film solar cell using 2D materials
- Lightweight and flexible perovskite / Si tandem solar cell











Research staff

Professor Makoto Konagai

Associate Professor Ryousuke Ishikawa

Visiting Professor Assistant Fellow Yukimi Ichikawa

Assistant Fellow Toshio Hama

Assistant Fellow Hiroshi Noge

Assistant Fellow Naoki Suyama

Assistant Fellow Kimiko Furukawa

Assistant Fellow Masatoshi Kumada

Assistant Fellow Kazuvoshi Nakada

Micro-nano Systems Laboratory

keyword

MEMS/NEMS

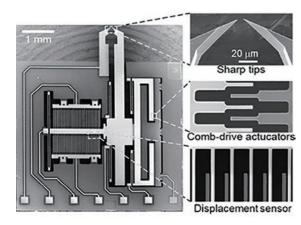
Bio-nanotech

Energy harvester



Micro-nano Systems for biotechnology, nanotechnology, and energy harvesting

In this laboratory, microelectromechanical system (MEMS) design, fabrication, and its application to nano and bio technologies, as well as vibrational energy harvesters, are investigated. Research on nano-scale science and engineering using MEMS devices covers the electro-mechano-thermal characterization of nano-contacts in transmission electron microscopes (TEMs) for in-situ atomic level observations of shapes and dimensions. MEMS tweezers have been developed for capturing, handling, and characterizing DNA, as well as other linear molecules. MEMS electrostatic energy harvesters can generate as large as 1 mW from environmental vibrations.



Silicon nano tweezers

Research top	ics in Micronano Sys	tems laboratory
Micro actuators	Arrayed smart MEMS	Bio MEMS
Electrostatic rolling actuator	Actuator layer + Sensor layer	MEMS and cells are same size
Nickel wobble motor	+ CMOS logic layer Ciliary motion system	Arrayed holes for cell capturing
Scratch drive actuator (SDA)	Air levitated 2-D conveyor	Microcapillary array for injection
3-D assemble by SDA		Chambers/electrodes for neuron
2 nd stage actuator for HDD	Layered smart MEMS array	Micro heating/sensing device
Rotary stepping motor	NanoLABinTEM	Conveyer by bio molecular motor
MEM DAC	In-situ TEM imaging + MEMS sensors/actuators	Molecular sorter
Vibration energy harvester	Degradation of field emission tip	Tau protein characterization
Ontinel MEAK	Nano mechanical testing	Control of vorticella motion
Optical MEMS	Dislocation motion & current noise	Bio sensor by vibrating cantilever at air/liquid interface
Matrix switch Photo has	Nano solid diffusion dynamics	Silicon nano tweezers (SNT) &
Mirror scanner	Damaging process of gold contact	biomedical applications
Lens scanner	In-situ observation of nano friction	Microtubule handling by SNT
Touch-operated display	Heat transfer via nano junction	fL-chamber for single enzymatic
3-D assemble by SDA	In-liquid observation	assay (led by Prof. H. Noji)

Nuclear Fuel / Fission Product Advanced **Application Research Unit**

Prioritized Studies

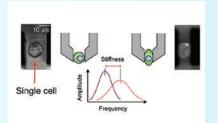
 Nuclear Fuel
 Fission Product
 FP effective application keyword Fuel Debris

Study on Effective Utilization of Fission Products and Fuel Debris Handling for the Nuclear Fuel Cycle

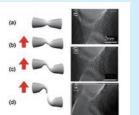
This work will contribute to radioactive waste management by studying research applications to fission products and the relationships between waste fuel and accidents.

Research themes

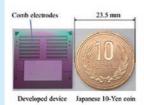
- MEMS tools for single cell or molecular manipulation and characterization features
- In-situ TEM observations using MEMS-in-TEM setup
- MEMS vibrational energy harvester



Mechanical characterization of a cell



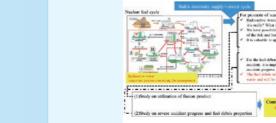
Shear deformation of an Ag nano contact



MEMS vibrational energy harvester

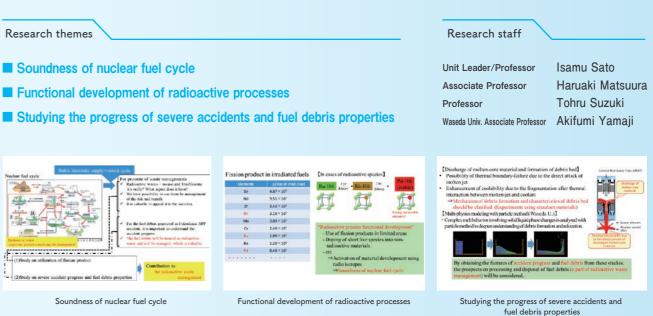
Research staff

Professor Hiroyuki Fujita



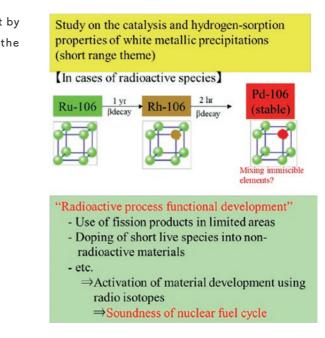
Research themes

Soundness of nuclear fuel cvcle



Soundness of nuclear fuel cycle





Ecological Evolutionary Paleontology Research Unit Prioritized Studies

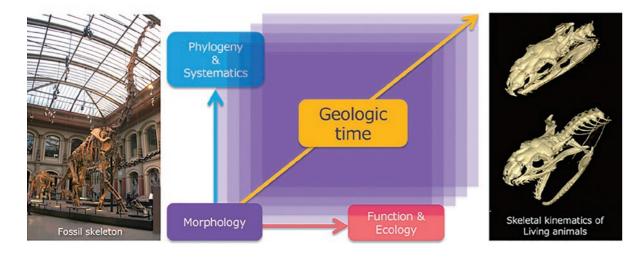
keyword + Fossil + Ecology + Evolution



Exploring the History of Organismal Morphology and Ecology over the Past 500 Million Years

"Ecological Evolutionary Paleontology"

- · Revealing the morphological and systematic diversity of ancient organisms based on fossil records
- Analyzing the paleoecology by integrating knowledge from fossils and living organisms
- Reconstructing the history of the modern ecosystem through geological ages





- **Fossil Excavations**
- Structural Comparisons of Past and Present Organisms



Unit Leader/Associate Professor Unit Sub-Leader/Professor

Yasuhisa Nakaiima Tatsuya Fukuda



Surficial & Internal (Micro-) Structural Analyses of Bones and Fossils

Urban Riverfront Safety & QOL Research Unit Prioritized Studies

• Basins in city areas • City type flood disaster keyword Attractive waterfront space use
 Synergetic effects

Synergetic effects of "preparations for city-type flood disaster" and "attractive waterfront space use" for river basins in urban areas

This research aims at solving the problems of river basins in urban areas toward the realization of "Sustainable Development Goals* (SDGs)." Our SDG research focus is on "Goal 11," which is to "Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable." In particular, we concentrate on SDG Goals 11.b and 11.7. Our research objective is to find synergetic effects related to "preparations for city type flood disaster (based on 11.b)" and "attractive waterfront space use (based on 11.7)" for river basins in urban areas. *United Nations, General Assembly, the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, 2015.

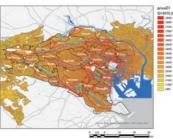


Research themes

Researchers from different fields of expertise exchange various research results and work together on a single task.



Questionnaire Survey



in the river basins with strengthened prevention measures against floods

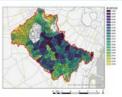


Urban Rivers Captured by Kids









Difference of the rent per ma in Furukawa River Basin

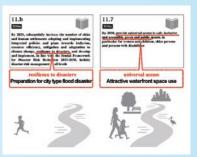


Flood risk × Greenarea (Area, Distance)

Research staff

Associate Professor, City planning Yukari Niwa

Associate Professor, Environmental dynamic analysis Shigehiro Yokota



Advanced Food Process Research Unit **Prioritized Studies**

keyword

Japanese society is now facing the

"100-year-life" time period. In recent

days, the importance of meals and

food has been increasing, which has

resulted in diversified requirements for food functionality. The objective of

the Advanced Food Process Research

Unit is to develop novel processing

technologies for high-quality food

with various additional values,

including food most suitable for

elderly people and functionalized

nutritional food. The basic concept of

this research unit is "Designing food

functionality" based on an advanced

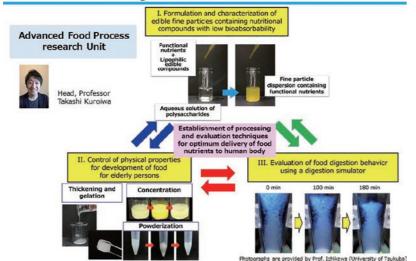
knowledge of food chemistry and food

processing technologies.

 Foods for elderly people
 Food processing Evaluation of digestive properties



Development of functionalized nutritional foods for elderly people using polysaccharide-based edible fine particles and digestion behavior simulations



Wellbeing Living Lab Research Unit **Prioritized Studies**

 Living Lab Approach
 Open Innovation keyword Wellbeing Technology
 Urban Laboratory
 OYAMACHI Project
 GOALS

Established an off-campus research base "Wellbeing Living Lab," in the Oyamadai District. Realizing a platform to innovate daily life and social systems through collaboration with the community.

In order to fundamentally change the structure of Japan's social system, it will be essential to establish new innovation methods. In this research, we aim to develop a management method for social system creation that promotes personal wellbeing using information technology. To accomplish this, we set up our "Wellbeing Living Lab" in the Oyamadai District of Tokyo's Setagaya-Ward. This lab is designed to provide an experimental base for social technology developments that fuse cutting-edge technologies with visions for a sustainable next-generation lifestyle through collaboration with the local community. More specifically, we will promote design projects that tackle various regional issues together with people from various sectors. Through these initiatives, we will create an advanced ecosystem for local communities and build an innovation base that results in a new social system and civic culture to support the "super-aging- information society" of 2050.

Research themes

- Development of functionalized nutritional foods for elderly people using polysaccharide-based edible fine particles and digestion behavior simulations
- 1. Formulation and characterization of edible fine particles containing nutritional compounds with low bioabsorbability
- 2. Control of physical properties for development of food for elderly persons
- 3. Evaluation of food digestion behavior using a digestion simulator

Research staff

Unit Leader/Professor Takashi Kuroiwa

Associate Professor Suguru Shiratori Research subjects

- 1. Construction of an open innovation theory to promote urban social system transformations
- 2. Study of an innovation base management method via a living lab approach
- 3. Development of a participatory design method by local multi-generation stakeholders







Wellbeing Living Lab Research Unit

OSetting up experimental "Living Lab" in Oyamadai District as an off-campus research base OResearch social innovation platforms that support knowledge-intensive societies. OSearching for methods of social system change through science and te



A laboratory that solves social issues such as aging and climate change with new technol with the vision of a sustainable next-generation lifestyle (wellbeing).Realizing a platform t innovate daily life and social systems through collaboration with the local community.



Associate Professor

Associate Professor

Waseda Univ. Associate Professor

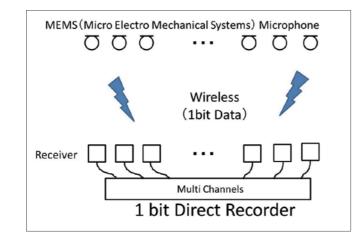
Kyosuke Sakakura Yuichi Sueshige Dominick Chen Osaka University of Arts. Professor Hideyuki Ando

Cultural Diversity Laboratory



Our mission: Development of human resources and technology for cultural diversity

This incubation laboratory was established in 2014 in order to contribute to realization of a culturally diverse society through inter-media art and science studies. Our laboratory consists of a study group on entertainment and a study group on acoustics. It also facilitates the development of human resources who create content and advance communication across boundaries of regions, languages, generations, and principles.



Research themes

- Cultural support for the affected areas of the Great East Japan Earthquake
- Impromptu performance with potential or limit
- Open courseware
- Shibuya station area redevelopment plan: "Entertainment city Shibuva"
- Development of a deterring and inviting sounds for prevention of damage by wildlife
- Auditory guide system with parametric loudspeaker
- Education in acoustics for elementary and high school students
- Sound environmental designs in nursery and educational institutions

Research staff

Research Professor Yoshio Yamasaki Visiting Researcher Sumihiko Hashimoto Visiting Researcher Kazuhiko Tabata Visiting Researcher Kenichi Komoguchi Visiting Researcher Jyunpei Kudo Visiting Researcher Tomoko Komoriya Visiting Researcher Mistuhiro Ikehata Visiting Researcher Sawori Namekawa Tadashi Konishi Assistant Fellow

USTAINABLE GOALS



The Advanced Research Laboratories (ARL), which were established in 2004 as university-wide research facilities for promoting research with distinctive features, have been positioned as the foundation for internal priority research since 2015. The ARL established the Research Administration Center (RAC). which provides support for the expansion of research centers, the establishment of new research institutes, further enhancement of basic research, and the facilitation of social implementation of applied technology, also intends to play a role as TCU ERC* in promoting extensive activities.

- Planning of research strategies
- Assistance in obtaining external funds
- Trend surveys and analysis for national science and technology policies
- Assistance for researches and developments of research institutes and centers in TCU
- Assistance for holding of research meetings, seminars, and symposiums
- Publicization and dissemination of information on the RAC's activities
- Strategies for intellectual properties of researches and developments

Research staff

Center Director/Vice President Kenichiro Nonaka

Industry-Academia-Government Collaboration Coordinator Kimihiko Saito

Research Administration Center (RAC)

Assistance for industry-academia-government collaboration

Research Promotion Advisor Akifumi Suzuki

URA (University Research Admi Yoshihiko Bando

ACCESS MAP

Advanced **Todoroki Campus** Research Laboratories Bus Stop Bus Stop • 9 Convenience Store Tokyo City University Todproki Junior And Senior High School Entrance Todoroki Campus · Faculty of Urban Life Studies · Faculty of Human Life Studies Graduate School of Environmental and Information Studies : Urban Life Studies Shrine · Advanced Research Laboratories • Temple 10min. walk from Todoroki Station Convenie Store nce Assembly Hall Todoroki Station Tokyu Oimachi Line To Jiyugaoka, Öimachi

